Path Analysis and Components of Covariance

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Introduction to SEM Psyc-8501-001



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- We can represent a structural model as a *path diagram*.
- Squares are manifest variables.
- Circles are latent variables.
- Triangles are constants.
- Single headed arrows are regression coefficients.
- Double headed arrows are variances and covariances.



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Path Analysis





$$y = bx + e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Var}(x) & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & \operatorname{Var}(y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Var}(e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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But note that the variance of x

$$\mathsf{Var}(x) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x - \bar{x})^2$$

is the same as the covariance of x with x

$$\mathsf{Cov}(x,x) = \sum_{i=1}^{N} (x - \bar{x})(x - \bar{x})$$

▶ so, we can rewrite the covariance matrix **R** as

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Cov}(x,x) & \operatorname{Cov}(x,y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x,e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y,x) & \operatorname{Cov}(y,y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y,e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e,x) & \operatorname{Cov}(e,y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e,e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$y = bx + e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Cov}(x, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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- Since these are standardized variables, the variance of x and y are 1.0
- From the diagram, the covariance of e with e is V_e
- And by assumption, the covariance of e with x is zero
- \blacktriangleright so, let's substitute those into the covariance matrix R

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & 0 \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & 1.0 & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ 0 & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$





$$y = bx + e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & 0\\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & 1.0 & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e)\\ 0 & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Let's write our equation as a matrix equation, so that

$$y_i = bx_i + e_i$$

becomes

$\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}$

where **X** is an $N \times 1$ matrix of scores with mean zero and

$$\mathbf{B} = \left[\begin{array}{c} b \end{array} \right]$$

and **E** is an $N \times 1$ matrix of residuals with mean zero.



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Path Analysis: Standardized Univariate Regression

$$C_{YY} = 1/N(Y'Y)$$

$$= 1/N((XB + E)'(XB + E))$$

$$= 1/N((((XB)' + E')(XB + E)))$$

- $= 1/N((\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}' + \mathbf{E}')(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}))$
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E})$
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{0} + \mathbf{0}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E})$
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E})$
- = **B**'(1/N**X**'**X**)**B**+1/N**E**'**E**
- $= \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{E}\mathbf{E}}$

$$= b1b + V_e$$

$$1.0 = b^2 + V_e$$

$$1.0 - V_e = b^2$$
$$r^2 = b^2$$

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$$y = bx + e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & 0\\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & b^2 + V_e & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e)\\ 0 & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Univariate Regression

$$C_{XY} = 1/N(X'Y)$$

- = 1/N(X'(XB + E))
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{E})$
- = 1/N(X'XB + 0)
- = (1/NX'X)B
- $= \ C_{XX}B$
- = 1b
- = b



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$$y = bx + e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1.0 & b & 0 \\ b & b^2 + V_e & \mathsf{Cov}(y, e) \\ 0 & \mathsf{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{array} \right]$$

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Path Analysis: Univariate Regression

$$C_{EY} = 1/N(E'Y)$$

= 1/N(E'(XB + E))
= 1/N(E'XB + E'E)
= (1/NE'X)B + (1/NE'E)
= 0B + C_{EE}
= V_e



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$$y = bx + e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1.0 & b & 0 \\ b & b^2 + V_e & V_e \\ 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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- ► Now let's try it again.
- This time we'll use path tracing rules.
- ► These are the rules first created by Wright and amended by McArdle.



- Pick any two variables in the diagram.
- Asymmetric paths are composed of zero or more one-headed arrows.
- Symmetric paths are composed **exactly one** two-headed arrows.
- For each pair of asymmetric paths that end in each of the chosen variables.
 - If there is a symmetric path connecting the beginning of the two asymmetric paths, multiply all the values on the one double headed arrow and all single headed arrows connecting the two chosen variables.







Path Analysis: Standardized Univariate Regression



Cov(x, x)

 $\begin{array}{cccc} x & \leftrightarrow & x \\ & 1 \end{array}$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Univariate Regression



Cov(e, e)

 $e \leftrightarrow e$ V_e

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Cov(x, y)

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & b & \operatorname{Cov}(x, e) \\ b & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Univariate Regression



Cov(e, y)

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & b & \mathsf{Cov}(x, e) \\ b & \mathsf{Cov}(y, y) & V_e \\ \mathsf{Cov}(e, x) & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Univariate Regression



Cov(e, x)

no asymmetric paths point to either e or x

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & b & 0 \\ b & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & V_e \\ 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Univariate Regression

Cov(y, y)

$$y \leftarrow x \leftrightarrow x \rightarrow y$$
$$b \times 1 \times b$$
$$y \leftarrow e \leftrightarrow e \rightarrow y$$
$$1 \times V_e \times 1$$
$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & b & 0\\ b & b^2 + V_e & V_e\\ 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



 $Cov(x_1, x_1)$ $x_1 \leftrightarrow x_1$ 1

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



 $\begin{array}{rcl} \mathsf{Cov}(x_2,x_2) \\ x_2 & \leftrightarrow & x_2 \\ & 1 \end{array}$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_1) & 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



Cov(e, e) $e \leftrightarrow e$ V_e

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_1) & 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



 $Cov(x_1, x_2)$

x_1	\leftrightarrow	X_2
	$r_{x_1x_2}$	

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1 x_2} & \text{Cov}(x_1, y) & \text{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ r_{x_1 x_2} & 1 & \text{Cov}(x_2, y) & \text{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \text{Cov}(y, x_1) & \text{Cov}(y, x_2) & \text{Cov}(y, y) & \text{Cov}(y, e) \\ \text{Cov}(e, x_1) & \text{Cov}(e, x_2) & \text{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis and Components of Covariance

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Image: Image:

Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



$Cov(e, x_1), Cov(e, x_2)$

no asymmetric paths point to $e, x_1, \text{ or } x_2$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & \text{Cov}(x_1, y) & 0 \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & \text{Cov}(x_2, y) & 0 \\ \text{Cov}(y, x_1) & \text{Cov}(y, x_2) & \text{Cov}(y, y) & \text{Cov}(y, e) \\ 0 & 0 & \text{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

-





е	\leftrightarrow	е	\rightarrow	y
	V_e	\times	1	

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & 0\\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & V_e\\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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 $Cov(x_1, y)$

x_1	\leftrightarrow	x_1	\rightarrow	У
	1	\times	b_1	
x_1	\leftrightarrow	<i>x</i> ₂	\rightarrow	у
	$r_{x_1x_2}$	\times	b_2	

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & 0\\ b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & V_e\\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression



$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_2 + b_1 r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & b_2 + b_1 r_{x_1x_2} & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & V_e\\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Cov(y, y)

$$b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1b_2r_{x_1x_2} + V_e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_2 + b_1r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ b_1 + b_2r_{x_1x_2} & b_2 + b_1r_{x_1x_2} & b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1b_2r_{x_1x_2} + V_e & V_e\\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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• Let's try the same thing using matrix algebra.

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

becomes

$$\mathbf{Y} = \mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}$$

where **X** is an $N \times 2$ matrix of scores with mean zero and

$$\mathbf{B} = \left[\begin{array}{c} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{array} \right]$$

and **E** is an $N \times 1$ matrix of residuals with mean zero.



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$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$



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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

Note the upper left 2 \times 2 submatrix of \boldsymbol{R} is $\boldsymbol{C}_{\boldsymbol{X}\boldsymbol{X}},$ where

$$\mathbf{C_{XX}} = \left[\begin{array}{cc} 1 & r_{x_1 x_2} \\ r_{x_1 x_2} & 1 \end{array} \right]$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_1, e) \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(x_2, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_1) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, x_2) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

By assumption, the covariance between ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{X}}}$ and ${\boldsymbol{\mathsf{E}}}$ is

$$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{EX}} = 0$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & \text{Cov}(x_1, y) & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & \text{Cov}(x_2, y) & 0\\ \text{Cov}(y, x_1) & \text{Cov}(y, x_2) & \text{Cov}(y, y) & \text{Cov}(y, e)\\ 0 & 0 & \text{Cov}(e, y) & \text{Cov}(e, e) \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

The covariance between ${\bf E}$ and ${\bf E}$ is given as

$$C_{EE} = V_e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & \text{Cov}(x_1, y) & 0 \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & \text{Cov}(x_2, y) & 0 \\ \text{Cov}(y, x_1) & \text{Cov}(y, x_2) & \text{Cov}(y, y) & \text{Cov}(y, e) \\ 0 & 0 & \text{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Univariate Regression

$$\begin{aligned} \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{Y}} &= 1/N(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{Y}) \\ &= 1/N(\mathbf{X}'(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E})) \\ &= 1/N(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{X}'\mathbf{E}) \\ &= 1/N(\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + 0) \\ &= (1/N\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})\mathbf{B} \\ &= \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{B} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix} \\ &= \begin{bmatrix} b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} \\ b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 \end{bmatrix} \end{aligned}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

The covariance between \boldsymbol{X} and \boldsymbol{Y} reduced to

$$\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{Y}} = \begin{bmatrix} b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1 x_2} \\ b_1 r_{x_1 x_2} + b_2 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & 0 \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & 0 \\ b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & \operatorname{Cov}(y, e) \\ 0 & 0 & \operatorname{Cov}(e, y) & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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$$C_{EY} = 1/N(E'Y)$$

= 1/N(E'(XB + E))
= 1/N(E'XB + E'E)
= (1/NE'X)B + (1/NE'E)

$$= 0B + C_{EE}$$

$$= V_e$$



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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

The covariance between $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{E}}$ and $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{Y}}$ reduced to $\boldsymbol{\mathsf{C}}_{\boldsymbol{\mathsf{EE}}}$ where

$$C_{EE} = V_e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & 0\\ b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & \operatorname{Cov}(y, y) & V_e\\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$C_{YY} = 1/N(Y'Y)$$

- $= 1/N((\mathbf{XB} + \mathbf{E})'(\mathbf{XB} + \mathbf{E}))$
- = 1/N((((XB)' + E')(XB + E)))
- $= 1/N((\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}' + \mathbf{E}')(\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}))$
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{E} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E})$
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{0} + \mathbf{0}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E})$
- $= 1/N(\mathbf{B}'\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E})$
- $= \mathbf{B}'(1/N\mathbf{X}'\mathbf{X})\mathbf{B} + 1/N\mathbf{E}'\mathbf{E}$
- $= \ \mathbf{B}'\mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{X}\mathbf{X}}\mathbf{B} + \mathbf{C}_{\mathbf{E}\mathbf{E}}$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} b_1 & b_2 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} b_1 \\ b_2 \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} V_e \end{bmatrix}$$
$$= \begin{bmatrix} b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1b_2r_{x_1x_2} \end{bmatrix} + \begin{bmatrix} V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

Path Analysis and Components of Covariance

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Path Analysis: Standardized Multiple Regression

$$y_i = b_1 x_{i1} + b_2 x_{i2} + e_i$$

The covariance between \mathbf{Y} and \mathbf{Y} reduced to

$$\mathbf{C_{YY}} = b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1b_2r_{x_1x_2} + V_e$$

$$\mathbf{R} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & 0\\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & 0\\ b_1 + b_2 r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1 b_2 r_{x_1x_2} + V_e & V_e\\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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RAM Algebra

- Wouldn't it be nice to be able to make this easier?
- RAM algebra allows you to specify the covariance expectations in a simple and general format.
- There are three RAM matrices.
- If there are p manifest variables and q total variables (manifest plus latent),
 - 1. The asymmetric matrix \mathbf{A} is an $q \times q$ matrix where you specify all of the single headed arrows.
 - 2. The symmetric matrix **S** is an $q \times q$ matrix where you specify all of the double headed arrows.
 - 3. The filter matrix **F** is an $p \times q$ matrix where you specify which variables are manifest.

RAM Algebra: Standardized Univariate Regression



$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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RAM Algebra: Standardized Univariate Regression



The effect matrix \mathbf{E} is the total effects of all of the paths

 $E = (I - A)^{-1}$

Then the expected covariances predicted by the model are

$$\begin{array}{rcl} \mathbf{R} & = & \mathbf{ESE'} \\ & = & \left[\begin{array}{ccc} 1 & b & 0 \\ b & b^2 + V_e & V_e \\ 0 & V_e & V_e \end{array} \right] \end{array}$$

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RAM Algebra: Standardized Multiple Regression



$$\mathbf{A} = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ b_1 & b_2 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{S} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1 x_2} & 0 & 0 \\ r_{x_1 x_2} & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$
$$\mathbf{F} = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

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RAM Algebra: Standardized Multiple Regression



Then the expected covariances predicted by the model are

$$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{ESE'}$$

$$= (\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1} \mathbf{S}((\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1})'$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2r_{x_1x_2} & 0 \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_1r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & 0 \\ b_1 + b_2r_{x_1x_2} & b_1r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1b_2r_{x_1x_2} + V_e & V_e \\ 0 & 0 & V_e & V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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RAM Algebra: Standardized Multiple Regression



We can select just the covariances of the manifest variables by pre– and post–multiplying by the filter matrix

$$\mathbf{R} = \mathbf{FESE'F'}$$

$$= \mathbf{F}(\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1}\mathbf{S}((\mathbf{I} - \mathbf{A})^{-1})'\mathbf{F'}$$

$$= \begin{bmatrix} 1 & r_{x_1x_2} & b_1 + b_2r_{x_1x_2} \\ r_{x_1x_2} & 1 & b_1r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 \\ b_1 + b_2r_{x_1x_2} & b_1r_{x_1x_2} + b_2 & b_1^2 + b_2^2 + 2b_1b_2r_{x_1x_2} + V_e \end{bmatrix}$$

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Path Analysis and Components o

Next Week

• Fitting manifest variable models with OpenMx.



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